

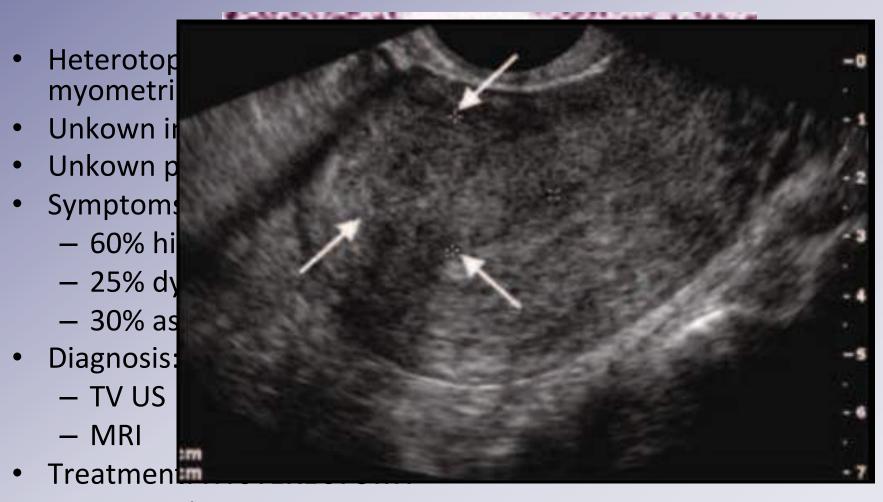


Presurgical diagnosis and surgical outcomes in patients undergoing laparoscopic myomectomy with and without associated adenomyosis



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Introduction



- progestins
- Uterine artery embolization

Objectives

- Differences in surgical outcomes in patients undergoing myomectomies with and without associated adenomyosis.
- Differences in presurgical diagnosis and clinical presentation.
- Our experience with the contained morcellation bag technique.

Material and methods

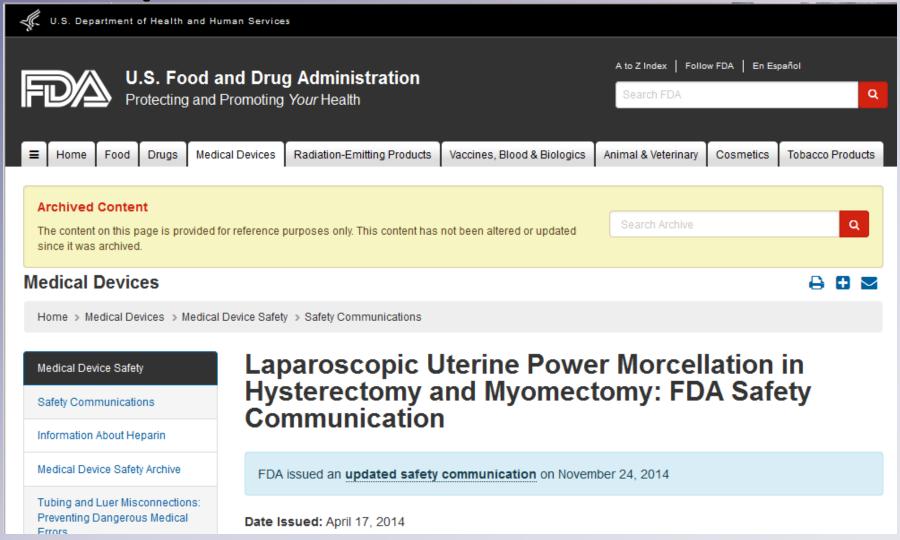
- Design: Retrospective observational study.
- Setting: Department of Gynaecology, Vall d'Hebron's University Hospital.
- Patients: 85 women who underwent laparoscopic myomectomy from January 2013 to February 2016.
- Data were collected from medical files.
- Statistical analysis with SPSS 21.0.

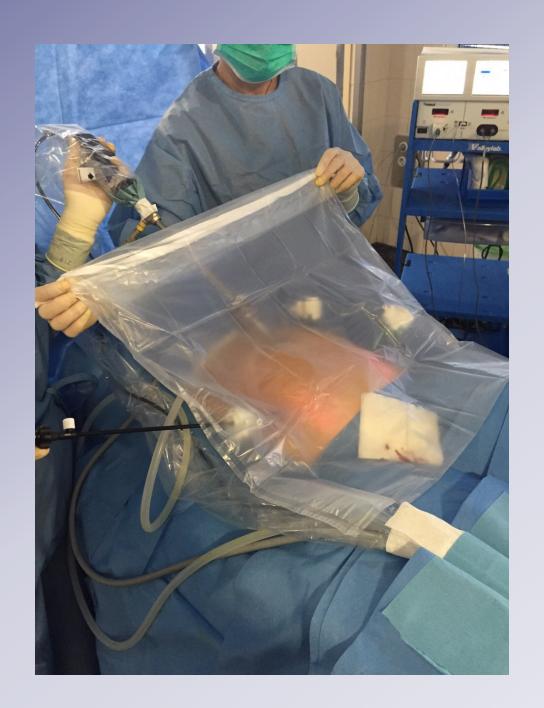
Variables	Myomas	Adenomyosis
Age (years)	36 (25-53)	35.6 (33-37)
BMI (kg/cm2)	24.8 (17.5-39.4)	26.7 (19.4-31.5)
Parity Nulliparous, n (%) Primiparous, n (%) Multiparous, n (%)	55 (67.9) 16 (19.8) 9 (10.1)	2 (50) 2(50) 0
Prior abdominal surgery, n (%) Laparotomy, n (%) Laparoscopy, n (%) Uterine surgery, n(%)	20 (24.7) 11(13.6) 8 (9.9) 9(11.1)	2 (50) 1(25) 1(25) 1(25)
Main symptoms n (%) bleeding abdominal pain dysmenorrhea	48 (59.3%) 32(39.5%) 15 (18.5%)	2 (50) 0 0
Uterine biometrics US (mm) Longitudinal Transverse Anteroposterior	99.6 (58-180) 82.7 (41-187) 72.3 (29-105)	93.7 (82-102) 72.5 (54-91) 67 (45-80)
Size of bigger myoma (mm)	70 (17-136)	53.5 (34-75)

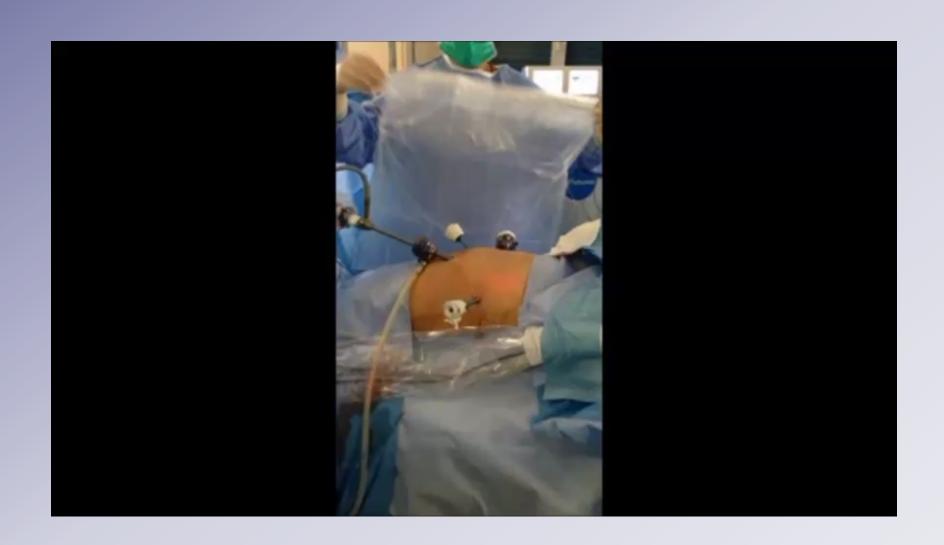
Surgical outcomes

	Myomas	Myomas + adenomyosis	р
Median PO hospital stay	2.2(1-6)	2.75 (1-4)	NS
Surgical time (min)	159 (40-330)	172 (120-225)	NS
Median blood loss (ml)	376 (10-1600)	925 (250-1250)	NS
PO blood transfusion	8(6.87%)	1(25%)	NS
Conversion to hysterectomy	4(4.9%)	0	NS
Conversion to laparotomy, n	6 (7.4%)	2 (50%)	NS

Implementation of the contained







Discussion

- Adenomyosis was present in 4 cases, just one with preoperative suspicion.
- Although presurgical diagnosis of adenomyosis in myomatous uterus could be difficult, we need to improve sonographic evaluation to plan surgery, inform patients about risks and understand complications.
- Adenomyosis is still a neglected diagnosis
- Myomectomy with associated adenomyosis could have a poor surgical outcome.
- In our experience, the contained power morcellation is a safe and feasible technique. After a short learning curve, doesn't prolong surgical time.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

